



Highams Park Academy Trust

Health and Safety Policy and Procedure

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5 September 2025	Olu Alalade	2 October 2025
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1. Aims

Our school aims to:

- Provide and maintain a safe and healthy environment
- Establish and maintain safe working procedures amongst staff, Students and all visitors to the school site
- Have robust procedures in place in case of emergencies
- Ensure that the premises and equipment are maintained safely, and are regularly inspected

2. Legislation

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on [health and safety in schools](#) and the following legislation:

- [The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974](#), which sets out the general duties employers have towards employees and duties relating to lettings
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- [The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999](#), which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- [The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002](#), which require employers to control substances that are hazardous to health
- [The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations \(RIDDOR\) 2013](#), which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- [The Health and Safety \(Display Screen Equipment\) Regulations 1992](#), which require employers to carry out digital screen equipment assessments and states users' entitlement to an eyesight test
- [The Gas Safety \(Installation and Use\) Regulations 1998](#), which require work on gas fittings to be carried out by someone on the Gas Safe Register
- [The Regulatory Reform \(Fire Safety\) Order 2005](#), which requires employers to take general fire precautions to ensure the safety of their staff
- [The Work at Height Regulations 2005](#), which requires employers to protect their staff from falls from height
- Personal Protective Equipment at Work (Amended) Regulations 2022 (PPER 2022), amending the 1992 regulations (PPER 1992).

The school follows [national guidance published by UK Health Security Agency \(UKHSA\)](#) when responding to infection control issues.

This policy complies with our funding agreement and articles of association and is in alignment with the Academy Trust Handbook.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but will delegate day-to-day responsibility to the Principal.

The Board of Trustees must take reasonable steps to ensure that staff and Students are not exposed to risks to their health and safety. This applies to activities on or off the school premises.

The Board of Trustees as the employer, also has a duty to:

- Assess the risks to staff and others affected by school activities in order to identify and introduce the health and safety measures necessary to manage those risks
- Inform employees about risks and the measures in place to manage them

Ensure that adequate health and safety training is provided

The Chair of the Trust Board oversees health and safety. The Resources Committee will report to the Full Board on Health and safety matters. This is in compliance with the Academy Trust Handbook requirement for risk oversight by the Trust Board.

3.2 Principal

The Principal is responsible for health and safety day-to-day. This involves:

- Implementing the health and safety policy
- Ensuring there is enough staff to safely supervise Students
- Ensuring that the school building and premises are safe and regularly inspected
- Providing adequate training for school staff
- Reporting to the Board of Trustees on health and safety matters
- Ensuring appropriate evacuation procedures are in place and regular fire drills are held
- Ensuring that in their absence, health and safety responsibilities are delegated to another member of staff
- Ensuring all risk assessments are completed and reviewed
- Monitoring cleaning contracts, and ensuring cleaners are appropriately trained and have access to personal protective equipment, where necessary

In the Principal's absence, one of the Deputy Principals assumes the above day-to-day health and safety responsibilities.

3.3 Health and Safety Lead

The nominated health and safety lead is the Academy Business Manager.

3.4 Staff

School staff must take care of Students in the same way that a prudent parent/carer would do so.



Staff will:

- Take reasonable care of their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected by what they do at work
- Co-operate with the school on health and safety matters
- Work in accordance with training and instructions
- Inform the appropriate person (Chief Operations Officer) of any work situation representing a serious and immediate danger so that remedial action can be taken
- Model safe and hygienic practices for Students
- Understand emergency evacuation procedures and feel confident in implementing them

3.5 Students and parents

Students and parents are responsible for following the school's health and safety advice, on-site and off-site, and for reporting any health and safety incidents to a member of staff.

3.6 Contractors

Contractors will agree to the health and safety practices with the Chief Operations Officer before starting work. Before work begins the contractor will provide evidence that they have completed an adequate risk assessment of all their planned work.

4. Site security

The Site team is responsible for the security of the school site in and out of school hours. They are responsible for visual inspections of the site and for the intruder and fire alarm systems.

In addition, the Site manager acts as the key holder and will respond to an emergency and will contact the Chief Operations Officer regarding the incident. During out of hours, Apollo Security act as the key holders and respond to any site emergencies.

5. Fire

Emergency exits, assembly points, and assembly point instructions are clearly identified by safety signs and notices. Fire risk assessment of the premises are reviewed regularly.

Emergency evacuations are practiced once termly. Information is provided to new members of staff and students who join during the year.

The fire alarm is a loud continuous bell.

Fire alarm testing takes place once a week, every Tuesday evening at 4.30pm.

The fire evacuation procedures are updated termly and issued at the beginning of the academic year and is given to new starters on their first day.

In the event of a fire:

- The alarm will be raised immediately by whoever discovers the fire and emergency services contacted. Evacuation procedures will also begin immediately



- Fire extinguishers may be used by staff only, and only then if staff are trained in how to operate them and are confident they can use them without putting themselves or others at risk
- Staff and Students will congregate at the assembly points. These are detailed in the Evacuation Procedure.
- Form tutors/class teachers will take a register of Students, which will then be checked against the attendance register of that day
- The Evacuation Procedure outlines the staff responsible for taking registers.
- Staff and Students will remain outside the building until the emergency services say it is safe to re-enter

The school will have special arrangements in place for the evacuation of people with mobility needs and fire risk assessments will also pay particular attention to those with disabilities. Personal emergency evacuation plans (PEEPs) are prepared for deserving pupils and staff that may have mobility challenges.

6. COSHH

Schools are required to control hazardous substances, which can take many forms, including:

- Chemicals
- Products containing chemicals
- Fumes
- Dusts
- Vapours
- Mists
- Gases and asphyxiating gases
- Germs that cause diseases, such as leptospirosis or legionnaires disease

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) risk assessments are completed by our senior Science Technician and circulated to all employees who work with hazardous substances.

Our staff use and store hazardous products in accordance with instructions on the product label. All hazardous products are kept in their original containers, with clear labelling and product information.

Any hazardous products are disposed of in accordance with specific disposal procedures.

Emergency procedures, including procedures for dealing with spillages, are displayed near where hazardous products are stored and in areas where they are routinely used. The School appoints an RPA to manage all radioactive substances.

6.1 Gas safety

- Gas safety is checked annually.
- Installation, maintenance, and repair of gas appliances and fittings will be carried out by a competent Gas Safe registered engineer.



- Gas pipework, appliances, and flues are regularly maintained.
- All rooms with gas appliances are checked to ensure that they have adequate ventilation.

6.2 Legionella

- The Site manager is responsible for ensuring that the identified operational controls are conducted and recorded in the school's water log book, a digital copy of this is held on the school's Estates Management Portal, overseen by the COO.
- This risk assessment will be reviewed every year and when significant changes have occurred to the water system and/or building footprint.
- The risks from legionella are mitigated by the following: temperature checks, heating of water, and disinfection of showers.

6.3 Asbestos

- Arrangements are in place to ensure that all contractors are made aware of any asbestos on the premises and that it is not disturbed by their work.
- Contractors will be advised that if they discover material that they suspect could be asbestos, they will stop work immediately until the area is declared safe.
- A record is kept of the location of asbestos that has been found on the school site. This is recorded in the asbestos register, a copy of which is held in the Estates Management portal. The site manager or COO will make this available to any contractor working on site before they commence work.

7. Equipment

- All equipment and machinery are maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In addition, maintenance schedules outline when extra checks should take place
- When new equipment is purchased, it is checked to ensure that it meets appropriate educational standards
- D&T, Science, and PE equipment are tested annually by external contractors in liaison with the COO, and appropriate pass certification is supplied.
- All equipment is stored in the appropriate storage containers and areas. All containers are labelled with the correct hazard sign and contents
- PAT tests are carried out annually.

7.1 Electrical equipment

- All staff are responsible for ensuring that they use and handle electrical equipment sensibly and safely
- Any potential hazards will be reported to the Site Manager immediately
- Where necessary a portable appliance test (PAT) will be carried out by a competent person



- Electrical apparatus and connections will not be touched by wet hands and will only be used in dry conditions

Maintenance, repair, installation, and disconnection work associated with permanently installed or portable electrical equipment is only carried out by a competent person

7.2 PE equipment

- Students are taught how to carry out and set up PE equipment safely and efficiently. Staff check that equipment is set up safely
- Any concerns about the condition of the gym floor or other apparatus will be reported to the Site Manager.

7.3 Display screen equipment

- All staff who use computers daily as a significant part of their normal work have a display screen equipment (DSE) assessment carried out. 'Significant' is taken to be continuous/near continuous spells of an hour or more at a time
- Staff identified as DSE users are entitled to an eyesight test for DSE use upon request, and at regular intervals thereafter, by a qualified optician (and corrective glasses provided if required specifically for DSE use).
- The school offers a yearly free eye test to all staff who are regular computer users at £25 per year. Requests for eye test appointments are made through the line manager in consultation with the ABM who is also the health and safety officer.
- As a legal requirement, the school will conduct a workstation risk assessment at least once a year.

8. Lone working

Lone working may include:

- Late working
- Home or site visits
- Weekend working
- Site manager duties
- Site cleaning duties
- Working in a single occupancy office

Potentially dangerous activities, such as those where there is a risk of falling from height, will not be undertaken when working alone. If there are any doubts about the task to be performed then the task will be postponed until other staff members are available.

If lone working is to be undertaken, a colleague, friend or family member will be informed about where the member of staff is and when they are likely to return.

The lone worker will ensure that they are medically fit to work alone.

9. Working at height

We will ensure that work is properly planned, supervised, and carried out by competent people with the skills, knowledge, and experience to do the work.

In addition:

- The site manager retains ladders for working at height
- Students are prohibited from using ladders
- Staff will wear appropriate footwear and clothing when using ladders
- Contractors are expected to provide their own ladders for working at height
- Before using a ladder, staff are expected to conduct a visual inspection to ensure its safety
- Access to high levels, such as roofs, is only permitted by trained persons and a Safe Man system must be used.

10. Manual handling

It is up to individuals to determine whether they are fit to lift or move equipment and furniture. If an individual feels that lifting an item could result in injury or exacerbate an existing condition, they will ask for assistance.

The school will ensure that proper mechanical aids and lifting equipment are available in school, and that staff are trained in how to use them safely.

Staff and Students are expected to use the following basic manual handling procedure:

- Plan the lift and assess the load. If it is awkward or heavy, use a mechanical aid, such as a trolley, or ask another person to help
- Take the more direct route that is clear from obstruction and is as flat as possible
- Ensure the area where you plan to offload the load is clear
- When lifting, bend your knees and keep your back straight, feet apart and angled out. Ensure the load is held close to the body and firmly. Lift smoothly and slowly and avoid twisting, stretching, and reaching where practicable
- Please see the separate manual handling procedures held in the policies sections of SharePoint.

11. Off-site visits

When taking Students off the school premises, we will ensure that:

- Risk assessments will be completed where off-site visits and activities require them
- All off-site visits are appropriately staffed
- Staff will take a school mobile phone, a portable first aid kit, information about the specific medical needs of Students along with the parent's contact details

12. Lettings

This policy applies to lettings. Those who hire any aspect of the school site or any Site will be made aware of the content of the school's health and safety policy, and Evacuation Procedure and make applicable risk assessments, and will have responsibility for complying with the policies.

13. Violence at work

We believe that staff should not be in any danger at work, and will not tolerate violent or threatening behaviour towards our staff.

All staff will report any incidents of aggression or violence (or near misses) directed to themselves to their line manager/Principal immediately. This applies to violence from Students, visitors or other staff.

14. Smoking

A designated area for smoking is provided for staff in a secluded area away from students and the public's visibility.

15. Infection Prevention and control

We follow national guidance published by the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) when responding to infection control issues - [Preventing and controlling infections - GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk/government/guidance/preventing-and-controlling-infections). We will encourage staff and pupils to follow this good hygiene practice, outlined below, where applicable.

15.1 Handwashing

- Wash hands with liquid soap and warm water, and dry with paper towels
- Always wash hands after using the toilet, before eating or handling food, and after handling animals
- Cover all cuts and abrasions with waterproof dressings

15.2 Coughing and sneezing

- Cover mouth and nose with a tissue.
- Wash hands after using or disposing of tissues.
- Spitting is discouraged.

15.3 Personal protective equipment

- Wear disposable non-powdered vinyl or latex-free CE-marked gloves and disposable plastic aprons where there is a risk of splashing or contamination with blood/body fluids (for example, nappy or pad changing)
- Wear goggles if there is a risk of splashing to the face.
- Use the correct personal protective equipment when handling cleaning chemicals.
- Use personal protective equipment (PPE) to control the spread of infectious diseases where required or recommended by government guidance and/or a risk assessment.

15.4 Cleaning of the environment



- Clean the environment frequently and thoroughly.

15.5 Cleaning of blood and body fluid spillages

- Clean up all spillages of blood, faeces, saliva, vomit, nasal and eye discharges immediately and wear personal protective equipment.
- When spillages occur, clean using a product that combines both a detergent and a disinfectant and use as per manufacturer's instructions. Ensure it is effective against bacteria and viruses, and suitable for use on the affected surface.
- Never use mops for cleaning up blood and body fluid spillages – use disposable paper towels and discard clinical waste as described below.
- Make spillage kits available for blood spills.

15.6 Laundry

- Wash laundry in a separate dedicated facility
- Wash soiled linen separately and at the hottest wash the fabric will tolerate.
- Wear personal protective clothing when handling soiled linen.
- Bag children's soiled clothing to be sent home, never rinse by hand.

15.7 Clinical waste

- Always segregate domestic and clinical waste, in accordance with local policy
- Used pads, gloves, aprons and soiled dressings are stored in correct clinical waste bags in foot-operated bins.
- Remove clinical waste with a registered waste contractor.
- Remove all clinical waste bags when they are two-thirds full and store in a dedicated, secure area while awaiting collection.

15.8 Animals

- Wash hands before and after handling any animals.
- Keep animals' living quarters clean and away from food areas.
- Dispose of animal waste regularly and keep litter boxes away from pupils.
- Supervise pupils when playing with animals.
- Seek veterinary advice on animal welfare and animal health issues, and the suitability of the animal as a pet

15.9 Infectious disease management

We will ensure adequate risk reduction measures are in place to manage the spread of acute respiratory diseases, including COVID-19, and carry out appropriate risk assessments, reviewing them regularly and monitoring whether any measures in place are working effectively.

We will follow local and national guidance on the use of control measures including:

Following good hygiene practices

- We will encourage all staff and pupils to regularly wash their hands with soap and water or hand sanitiser, and follow recommended practices for respiratory hygiene. Where required, we will provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)



Implementing an appropriate cleaning regime

- We will regularly clean equipment and rooms and ensure surfaces that are frequently touched are cleaned twice a day.

Keeping rooms well ventilated

- We will use risk assessments to identify rooms or areas with poor ventilation and put measures in place to improve airflow, including opening external windows, opening internal doors and mechanical ventilation.

15.10 Pupils vulnerable to infection

Some medical conditions make pupils vulnerable to infections that would rarely be serious in most children. The school will normally have been made aware of such vulnerable children. These children are particularly vulnerable to chickenpox, measles or slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) and, if exposed to any of these, the parent/carers will be informed promptly, and further medical advice sought. We will advise these children to have additional immunisations, for example for pneumococcal and influenza.

15.11 Exclusion periods for infectious diseases

The school will follow recommended exclusion periods outlined by the UK Health Security Agency and other government guidance, summarised in appendix 3.

In the event of an epidemic/pandemic, we will follow advice from the UK Health Security Agency about the appropriate course of action.

15.12 Giving medicines at school

There are occasional circumstances in which children may be prescribed or recommended medicine to be taken at midday even though a doctor regards them as fit to attend school. If this is the case it is important to discuss the taking of medicine with the parent in the light of medicine to be given, the need for it (doctor's prescription or recommendation) and other factors (storage, safety risk etc). Parents must provide, when sending medicine into the Academy, suitable non-breakable containers which are labelled with the name of the pupil and the name of the drug and the required dosage. Asthmatic children may need to have medication (e.g., inhalers) readily to hand in case they suffer an attack. In these cases they will retain their medicines. The academy nurse should alert teachers of any pupils with medical problems which may require special treatment in emergencies.

16. New and expectant mothers

Risk assessments will be carried out by the HR Manager. whenever any employee or pupil notifies the school that they are pregnant

Appropriate measures will be put in place to control the, risks identified. Some specific risks are summarised below:

- Chickenpox can affect the pregnancy if a woman has not already had the infection. Expectant mothers should report exposure to antenatal carer and GP at any stage of exposure. Shingles is caused by the same virus as chickenpox, so anyone who has not had chickenpox is potentially vulnerable to the infection if they have close contact with a case of shingles
- If a pregnant woman comes into contact with measles or German measles (rubella), she should inform her antenatal carer and GP immediately to ensure investigation



- Slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) can occasionally affect an unborn child. If exposed early in pregnancy (before 20 weeks), the pregnant woman should inform her antenatal care and GP as this must be investigated promptly
- Risks involved with Covid.

17. Occupational stress

We are committed to promoting high levels of health and wellbeing and recognise the importance of identifying and reducing workplace stressors through risk assessment.

Systems are in place within the school for responding to individual concerns and monitoring staff workloads.

18. Accident reporting

18.1 Accident Record Book

- All accidents should be recorded on the Iam platform (<https://app.iamcompliant.com/1648193932/incident-book/new>) and should inform a first aider.
- As much detail as possible will be supplied when reporting an accident
- Information about injuries will also be kept in the pupil's educational record
- Records held in the first aid and accident book will be retained by the school for a minimum of 3 years, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979, and then securely disposed of.

18.2 Reporting to the Health and Safety Executive

The Chief Operations Officer will keep a record of any accident that results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The Health and Safety Officer will report these to the Health and Safety Executive as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident.

Reportable injuries, diseases, or dangerous occurrences include:

- Deaths
- Specified injuries. These are:
 - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
 - Amputations
 - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
 - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
 - Serious burns (including scalding)
 - Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
 - Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
 - Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours



- Minor to major injuries that incapacitate a worker for at least three days.
- Injuries to the public or anyone else that isn't an employee.
- Injuries where an employee is away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days. It does not include the day of the accident, but does include weekends and rest days
- Injuries over three days need to be recorded but not formally reported until the worker has been incapacitated for more than 7 days.

Where an accident leads to someone being taken to hospital

- Where something happens that does not result in an injury but could have done
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury, but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
 - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
 - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
 - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
 - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion

Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

[How to make a RIDDOR report, HSE](http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm)

<http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm>

19. Training

Staff receive details via SharePoint to ensure they are aware of Health and Safety in the workplace.

Staff who work in high-risk environments, such as in science labs or with woodwork equipment are given additional training based on the equipment they are required to use.

20. Monitoring

This policy will be reviewed by the Resources Committee, annually before recommending approval to the Full Board.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the Board of Trustees.

21. Links with other policies

This health and safety policy links to the following policies:

- Accessibility plan
- Staff sickness management
- Manual Handling Policy